This is Jane Project

A California Nonprofit Corporation

BYLAWS

ARTICLE I <u>NAME</u>

1.01 Name

The name of this corporation shall be This is Jane Project. The business of the corporation may be conducted as This is Jane Project.

ARTICLE II PURPOSES AND POWERS

2.01 Purpose

This is Jane Project is a nonprofit corporation and shall be operated exclusively for educational and charitable purposes within the meaning of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the corresponding section of any future Federal tax code.

The purposes for which the corporation is organized are as follows:

- 1) To shed light, provide community, and uplift the lives of survivors through inclusive storytelling, advocacy, and supportive programming for womxn and non-binary people living with PTSD.
- 2) To destigmatize conversations about trauma, healing, mental health, and plant medicine.
- 3) To document women and non-binary "janes" using plant medicine to heal PTSD. This may include photo-activism campaigns and feature documentaries.
- 4) For such educational, and charitable purposes as may be related in any way to provide a forum for the development and exchange of ideas and experience concerning mental health, recovery from trauma, or other related fields.
- 5) To advocate for safe and affordable access for survivors of trauma.

- 6) To publish journals, newsletters, books and pamphlets; produce educational webinars and videos; and receive grants and awards.
- 7) To stimulate, encourage, and fund projects for any above mentioned purposes.
- 8) To solicit funds and drive awareness of the aforementioned purposes of the corporation and any others which the Board of Directors may adopt in the future.

2.02 Powers

The corporation shall have the power, directly or indirectly, alone or in conjunction or cooperation with others, to do any and all lawful acts which may be necessary or convenient to affect the charitable purposes, for which the corporation is organized, and to aid or assist other organizations or persons whose activities further accomplish, foster, or attain such purposes. The powers of the corporation may include, but not be limited to, the acceptance of contributions from the public and private sectors, whether financial or in-kind contributions.

2.03 Nonprofit Status and Exempt Activities Limitation.

(a) <u>Nonprofit Legal Status</u>. This is Jane Project is a California nonprofit organization, which will be applying to be tax-exempt as a 501(c)(3) public charity in 2020.

(b) Exempt Activities Limitation. Notwithstanding any other provision of these Bylaws, no director, officer, employee, member, or representative of this corporation shall take any action or carry on any activity by or on behalf of the corporation not permitted to be taken or carried on by an organization exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code as it now exists or may be amended, or by any organization contributions to which are deductible under Section 170(c)(2) of such Code and Regulations as it now exists or may be amended. No part of the net earnings of the corporation shall inure to the benefit or be distributable to any director, officer, member, or other private persons, except that the corporation shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes set forth in the Articles of Incorporation and these Bylaws.

(c) <u>Distribution Upon Dissolution</u>. Upon termination or dissolution of This is Jane Project, any assets lawfully available for distribution shall be distributed to one (1) or more qualifying organizations described in Section 501(c)(3) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code (or described in any corresponding provision of any successor statute) which organization or organizations have a charitable purpose which, at least generally, includes a purpose similar to the terminating or dissolving corporation.

The organization to receive the assets of This is Jane Project hereunder shall be selected in the discretion of a majority of the managing body of the corporation, and if its members cannot agree, then the recipient organization shall be selected pursuant to a verified petition in equity filed in a court of proper jurisdiction against This is Jane Project, by one (1) or more of its managing body which verified petition shall contain such statements as reasonably indicate the

applicability of this section. The court upon a finding that this section is applicable shall select the qualifying organization or organizations to receive the assets to be distributed, giving preference if practicable to organizations located within the State of California.

In the event that the court shall find that this section is applicable but that there is no qualifying organization known to it which has a charitable purpose, which, at least generally, includes a purpose similar to This is Jane Project, then the court shall direct the distribution of its assets lawfully available for distribution to the Treasurer of the State of California to be added to the general fund.

ARTICLE III MEMBERSHIP

3.01 Membership

The corporation shall have no members who have any right to vote or title or interest in or to the corporation, its properties and franchises.

3.02 Non-Voting Affiliates

The board of directors may approve classes of non-voting affiliates with rights, privileges, and obligations established by the board. Affiliates may be individuals, businesses, and other organizations that seek to support the mission of the corporation. The board, a designated committee of the board, or any duly elected officer in accordance with board policy, shall have authority to admit any individual or organization as an affiliate, to recognize representatives of affiliates, and to make determinations as to affiliates' rights, privileges, and obligations. At no time shall affiliate information be shared with or sold to other organizations or groups without the affiliate's consent. At the discretion of the board of directors, affiliates may be given endorsement, recognition and media coverage at fundraising activities, clinics, other events or at the corporation website. Affiliates have no voting rights, and are not members of the corporation.

3.03 Fundraising

Support and encourage all fundraising activities. Provide leadership, financial contributions, and connection to donors and potential donors. Board members fundraising commitments may change and are outlined in the BOD agreement.

ARTICLE IV BOARD OF DIRECTORS

4.01 Number of Directors

This is Jane Project shall have a Board of Directors consisting of at least 2 and no more than 12 directors, and will include Founder and Executive Director, Shannon DeGrooms. Board members can resign or be removed due to reasons of poor judgement or moral character as described below in 4.05. The Board of Directors shall be self-perpetuating. The Board can be enlarged only with unanimous vote of the directors.

4.02 Powers

All corporate powers shall be exercised by or under the authority of the board and the affairs of This is Jane Project shall be managed under the direction of the board, except as otherwise provided by law.

4.03 Qualifications and Election of Directors

In order to be eligible to serve as a director on the board of directors, the individual must be 21 years of age and an affiliate within affiliate classifications created by the board of directors.

4.04 Vacancies

The board of directors may fill vacancies due to resignation, death, or removal of a director or may appoint new directors to fill a previously unfilled board position, subject to the maximum number of directors under these Bylaws.

(a) <u>Unexpected Vacancies</u>. Vacancies in the board of directors due to resignation, death, or removal shall be filled by the board for the balance of the term of the director being replaced.

4.05 Removal of Directors

A director may be removed by majority vote of the board of directors then in office, if:

(a) the director is absent and unexcused from two or more meetings of the board of directors in a twelve month period. The board president is empowered to excuse directors from attendance for a reason deemed adequate by the board president. The president shall not have the power to excuse him/herself from the board meeting attendance and in that case, the board vice-president (or secretary if no vice-president) shall excuse the president. Or:

(b) for poor moral character or breach of signed Code of Conduct agreement or due to: i.e. fraud, misconduct, or other issue causing undue harm to the nonprofit. Before any meeting of the board at which a vote on removal will be made the director in question is given electronic or written notification of the board's intention to discuss their case and is given the opportunity to be heard at a meeting of the board or submission of a written or emailed statement.

4.06 Board of Directors Meetings.

(a) <u>Regular Meetings</u>. The board of directors shall have a minimum of two (2) regular meetings each calendar year at times and places fixed by the board. Board meetings shall be held upon at least four (4) days notice by first-class mail, electronic mail, or facsimile transmission or forty-eight (48) hours notice delivered personally or by telephone. Notice of meetings shall specify the place, day, and hour of meeting. The purpose of the meeting need not be specified. Meetings can be held in-person, virtually, or via phone.

(b) <u>Special Meetings</u>. Special meetings of the board may be called by the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, or any other directors of the board of directors. A special meeting must be preceded by at least 2 days' notice to each director of the date, time, and place, but not the purpose of the meeting.

(c) <u>Waiver of Notice</u>. Any director may waive notice of any meeting, in accordance with California law.

4.07 Manner of Acting.

(a) <u>Quorum</u>. A majority of the directors in office immediately before a meeting shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at that meeting of the board. No business shall be considered by the board at any meeting at which a quorum is not present.

(b) <u>Majority Vote</u>. Except as otherwise required by law or by the articles of incorporation, the act of the majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the board.

(C) <u>Hung Board Decisions</u>. On the occasion that directors of the board are unable to make a decision based on a tied number of votes, the president or treasurer in the order of presence shall have the power to swing the vote based on his/her discretion.

(d) <u>Participation</u>. Except as required otherwise by law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these Bylaws, directors may participate in a regular or special meeting through the use of any means of communication by which all directors participating may simultaneously hear each other during the meeting, including in person, internet video meeting or by telephonic conference call.

4.08 Compensation for Board Service

Directors shall receive no compensation for carrying out their duties as directors. The board may adopt policies providing for reasonable reimbursement of directors for expenses incurred in conjunction with carrying out board responsibilities, such as travel expenses to attend board meetings.

4.09 Compensation for Professional Services by Directors

Directors are not restricted from being remunerated for professional services provided to the corporation. Such remuneration shall be reasonable and fair to the corporation and must be reviewed and approved in accordance with the board Conflict of Interest policy and state law.

ARTICLE V COMMITTEES

5.01 Committees

The board of directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the directors then in office, designate one or more committees, each consisting of two or more directors, to serve at the pleasure of the board. Any committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the board, shall have all the authority of the board, except that no committee, regardless of board resolution, may:

(a) take any final action on matters which also requires board members' approval or approval of a majority of all members;

(b) fill vacancies on the board of directors of in any committee which has the authority of the board;

(c) amend or repeal Bylaws or adopt new Bylaws;

(d) amend or repeal any resolution of the board of directors which by its express terms is not so amenable or repealable;

5.2 Meetings and Action of Committees

Meetings and action of the committees shall be governed by and held and taken in accordance with the provisions of Article IV of these Bylaws concerning meetings of the directors. Special meetings of the committee may also be called by resolution of the board of directors. Notice of special meetings of committees shall also be given to any and all alternate members, who shall have the right to attend all meetings of the committee. Minutes shall be kept of each meeting of any committee and shall be filed with the corporate records. The board of directors may adopt rules for the governing of the committee not inconsistent with the provision of these Bylaws.

5.3 Informal Action By The Board of Directors

Any action required or permitted to be taken by the board of directors at a meeting may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be agreed by the consensus of a quorum. For purposes of this section an e-mail transmission from an e-mail address on record constitutes a valid writing. The intent of this provision is to allow the board of directors to use email to approve actions, as long as a quorum of board members gives consent.

ARTICLE VI OFFICERS

6.01 Board Officers

The officers of the corporation shall be a board president, vice-president, secretary, and treasurer, all of whom shall be chosen by, and serve at the pleasure of, the board of directors. Each board officer shall have the authority and shall perform the duties set forth in these Bylaws or by resolution of the board or by direction of an officer authorized by the board to prescribe the duties and authority of other officers.

6.02 Term of Office

General Board Members may serve two consecutive terms of 2 years each. General Board Members may not serve more than 4 consecutive years.

Executive Officers shall serve a term of 2 years. With the option of re-election for an additional term. Officers may not serve more than 2 consecutive terms. Each Executive Officer's term shall begin upon the adjournment of the board meeting at which elected and shall end upon the adjournment of the board meeting during which a successor is elected.

6.03 Removal and Resignation

The board of directors may not remove an officer unless they are terminated as a director due to terms explained above in 4.05. Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the corporation without prejudice to the rights, if any, of the corporation under any contract to which the officer is a party. Any resignation shall take effect at the date of the receipt of the notice or at any later time specified in the notice, unless otherwise specified in the notice. The acceptance of the resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

6.04 Board President

The board president shall be the chief volunteer officer of the corporation. The board president shall lead the board of directors in performing its duties and responsibilities, including, if present, presiding at all meetings of the board of directors, and shall perform all other duties incident to the office or properly required by the board of directors.

President is required to prepare an annual report to the Board on all programming in which the non-profit is involved. This report may be submitted orally or in writing, at the discretion of the Board.

6.05 Vice President

In the absence or disability of the board president, the ranking vice-president or vice-president designated by the board of directors shall perform the duties of the board president. When so acting, the vice-president shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the board president. The vice-president shall have such other powers and perform such other duties prescribed for them by the board of directors or the board president. The vice-president shall normally accede to the office of board president upon the completion of the board president's term of office.

6.06 Secretary

The secretary shall keep or cause to be kept a book of minutes of all meetings and actions of directors and committees of directors. The minutes of each meeting shall state the time and place that it was held and such other information as shall be necessary to determine the actions taken and whether the meeting was held in accordance with the law and these Bylaws. The secretary shall cause notice to be given of all meetings of directors and committees as required by the Bylaws. The secretary shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors or the board president. The secretary may appoint, with the approval of the board, a director to assist in the performance of all or part of the duties of the secretary.

6.07 Treasurer

The treasurer shall be the lead director for oversight of the financial condition and affairs of the corporation. The treasurer shall oversee and keep the board informed of the financial condition of the corporation and of audit or financial review results. In conjunction with other directors or officers, the treasurer shall oversee budget preparation and shall ensure that appropriate financial reports, including an account of major transactions and the financial condition of the corporation, are made available to the board of directors on a timely basis or as may be required by the board of directors or the board president. The treasurer may appoint, with the approval of the board a qualified fiscal agent or member of the staff to assist in the performance of all or part of the duties of the treasurer.

6.08 Removal of Officers

The board of directors may suspend or terminate the officer's position by $2/3^{rd}$ vote if the duties of the officer role are not being performed.

ARTICLE VII <u>CONTRACTS, CHECKS, LOANS,</u> <u>INDEMNIFICATION AND RELATED MATTERS</u>

7.01 Contracts and other Writings

Except as otherwise provided by resolution of the board or board policy, all contracts, deeds, leases, mortgages, grants, and other agreements of the corporation shall be executed on its behalf by the treasurer or other persons to whom the corporation has delegated authority to execute such documents in accordance with policies approved by the board.

7.02 Checks, Drafts

All checks, drafts, or other orders for payment of money, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness issued in the name of the corporation, shall be signed by such officer or officers, agent or agents of the corporation and in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by resolution of the board.

7.03 Deposits

All funds of the corporation not otherwise employed shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the corporation in such banks, trust companies, or other depository as the board or a designated committee of the board may select.

7.04 Loans

No loans shall be contracted on behalf of the corporation and no evidence of indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by resolution of the board. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

Founding participants are to be paid back up to \$1,500 per person for monies invested in development stages. Receipts must be presented and board approval is necessary for final payments.

7.05 Indemnification

(a) <u>Mandatory Indemnification</u>. The corporation shall indemnify a director or former director, who was wholly successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of any proceeding to which he or she was a party because he or she is or was a director of the corporation against reasonable expenses incurred by him or her in connection with the proceedings.

(b) <u>Permissible Indemnification</u>. The corporation shall indemnify a director or former director made a party to a proceeding because he or she is or was a director of the corporation, against liability incurred in the proceeding, if the determination to indemnify him or her has been made in the manner prescribed by the law and payment has been authorized in the manner prescribed by law.

(c) <u>Advance for Expenses</u>. Expenses incurred in defending a civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit

or proceeding, as authorized by the board of directors in the specific case, upon receipt of (I) a written affirmation from the director, officer, employee or agent of his or her good faith belief that he or she is entitled to indemnification as authorized in this article, and (II) an undertaking by or on behalf of the director, officer, employee or agent to repay such amount, unless it shall ultimately be determined that he or she is entitled to be indemnified by the corporation in these Bylaws.

ARTICLE VIII MISCELLANEOUS

8.01 Books and Records

The corporation shall keep correct and complete books and records of account and shall keep minutes of the proceedings of all meetings of its board of directors, a record of all actions taken by board of directors without a meeting, and a record of all actions taken by committees of the board. In addition, the corporation shall keep a copy of the corporation's Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws as amended to date.

8.02 Fiscal Year

The fiscal year of the corporation shall be from January 1 to December 31 of each year.

8.03 Conflict of Interest

The board shall adopt and periodically review a conflict of interest policy to protect the corporation's interest when it is contemplating any transaction or arrangement which may benefit any director, officer, employee, affiliate, or member of a committee with board-delegated powers.

8.04 Nondiscrimination Policy

The officers, directors, committee members, employees, and persons served by this corporation shall be selected entirely on a nondiscriminatory basis with respect to age, sex, race, gender-identity, religion, national origin, and sexual orientation.

8.05 Bylaw Amendment

These Bylaws may be amended, altered, repealed, or restated by a vote of the majority of the board of directors then in office at a meeting of the Board, provided, however,

(a) that no amendment shall be made to these Bylaws which would cause the corporation to cease to qualify as an exempt corporation under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the corresponding section of any future Federal tax code; and,

(b) that all amendments be consistent with the Articles of Incorporation.

ARTICLE IX COUNTERTERRORISM AND DUE DILIGENCE POLICY

In furtherance of its exemption by contributions to other organizations, domestic or foreign, This is Jane Project shall stipulate how the funds will be used and shall require the recipient to provide the corporation with detailed records and financial proof of how the funds were utilized.

Although adherence and compliance with the US Department of the Treasury's publication the "Voluntary Best Practice for US. Based Charities" is not mandatory, This is Jane Project willfully and voluntarily recognizes and puts to practice these guidelines and suggestions to reduce, develop, re-evaluate and strengthen a risk-based approach to guard against the threat of diversion of charitable funds or exploitation of charitable activity by terrorist organizations and their support networks.

ARTICLE X DOCUMENT RETENTION POLICY

10.01 Purpose

The purpose of this document retention policy is establishing standards for document integrity, retention, and destruction and to promote the proper treatment of This is Jane Project records.

10.02 Policy

<u>Section 1. General Guidelines</u>. Paper records should not be kept if they are no longer needed for the operation of the business or required by law. Unnecessary records should be eliminated from the files. The cost of maintaining records is an expense which can grow unreasonably if good housekeeping is not performed. A mass of records also makes it more difficult to find pertinent records.

From time to time, This is Jane Project may establish retention or destruction policies or schedules for specific categories of records in order to ensure legal compliance, and also to accomplish other objectives, such as preserving intellectual property and cost management.

Section 3. Minimum Retention Periods for Specific Categories

(a) <u>Corporate Documents.</u> Corporate records include the corporation's Articles of Incorporation, By-Laws and IRS Form 1023 and Application for Exemption. Corporate records should be retained permanently. IRS regulations require that the Form 1023 be available for public inspection upon request.

(b) <u>Tax Records.</u> Tax records include, but may not be limited to, documents concerning payroll, expenses, proof of contributions made by donors, accounting procedures, and other documents concerning the corporation's revenues. Tax records should be retained for at least seven years from the date of filing the applicable return.

(c) <u>Board and Board Committee Materials.</u> Meeting minutes should be retained in perpetuity in the corporation's minute book. A clean copy of all other Board and Board Committee materials should be kept for no less than three years by the corporation.

(d) <u>Press Releases/Public Filings.</u> The corporation should retain permanent copies of all press releases and publicly filed documents under the theory that the corporation should have its own copy to test the accuracy of any document a member of the public can theoretically produce against the corporation.

(e) <u>Legal Files</u>. Legal counsel should be consulted to determine the retention period of particular documents, but legal documents should generally be maintained for a period of ten years.

(f) <u>Marketing and Sales Documents.</u> The corporation should keep final copies of marketing and sales documents for the same period of time it keeps other corporate files, generally three years. An exception to the three-year policy may be sales invoices, contracts, leases, licenses, and other legal documentation. These documents should be kept for at least three years beyond the life of the agreement.

(g) <u>Development/Intellectual Property and Trade Secrets.</u> Development documents are often subject to intellectual property protection in their final form (e.g., patents and copyrights). The documents detailing the development process are often also of value to the corporation and are protected as a trade secret where the corporation:

(h) derives independent economic value from the secrecy of the information; and

(i) has taken affirmative steps to keep the information confidential.

The corporation should keep all documents designated as containing trade secret information for at least the life of the trade secret.

(ii) <u>Contracts.</u> Final, execution copies of all contracts entered into by the corporation should be retained. The corporation should retain copies of the final contracts for at least three years beyond the life of the agreement, and longer in the case of publicly filed contracts.

(j) <u>Correspondence</u>. Unless correspondence falls under another category listed elsewhere in this policy, correspondence should generally be saved for two years.

(k) <u>Banking and Accounting.</u> Accounts payable ledgers and schedules should be kept for seven years. Bank reconciliations, bank statements, deposit slips and checks (unless for important payments and purchases) should be kept for three years. Any inventories of products, materials,

and supplies and any invoices should be kept for seven years.

(1) <u>Insurance</u>. Expired insurance policies, insurance records, accident reports, claims, etc. should be kept permanently.

(m) <u>Audit Records.</u> External audit reports should be kept permanently. Internal audit reports should be kept for three years.

Section 4. Electronic Mail. E-mail that needs to be saved should be either:

(i) printed in hard copy and kept in the appropriate file; or

(ii) downloaded to a computer file and kept electronically or on disk as a separate file. The retention period depends upon the subject matter of the e-mail, as covered elsewhere in this policy.

ARTICLE XI <u>Transparency and Accountability</u> <u>Disclosure of Financial Information With The General Public</u>

11.01 Purpose

By making full and accurate information about its mission, activities, finances, and governance publicly available, This is Jane Project practices and encourages transparency and accountability to the general public. This policy will:

- (a) indicate which documents and materials produced by the corporation are presumptively open to staff and/or the public
- (b) indicate which documents and materials produced by the corporation are presumptively closed to staff and/or the public
- (c) specify the procedures whereby the open/closed status of documents and materials can be altered.

The details of this policy are as follow:

11.02 Financial and IRS documents (The form 1023 and the form 990)

This is Jane Project shall provide its Internal Revenue forms 990, 990-T, 1023 and 5227, bylaws, conflict of interest policy, and financial statements to the general public for inspection free of charge.

11.03 Means and Conditions of Disclosure

This is Jane Project shall make "Widely Available" the aforementioned documents on its internet

website: www.thisisjaneproject.com to be viewed and inspected by the general public.

- (a) The documents shall be posted in a format that allows an individual using the Internet to access, download, view and print them in a manner that exactly reproduces the image of the original document filed with the IRS (except information exempt from public disclosure requirements, such as contributor lists).
- (b) The website shall clearly inform readers that the document is available and provide instructions for downloading it.
- (c) This is Jane Project shall inform anyone requesting the information where this information can be found, including the web address. This information must be provided immediately for in-person requests and within 7 days for mailed requests.

11.04 IRS Annual Information Returns (Form 990)

This is Jane Project shall submit the Form 990 to its board of directors prior to the filing of the Form 990. While neither the approval of the Form 990 or a review of the 990 is required under Federal law, the corporation's Form 990 shall be submitted to each member of the board of director's via (hard copy or email) at least 10 days before the Form 990 is filed with the IRS.

11.05 Board

- (a) All board deliberations shall be open to the public except where the board passes a motion to make any specific portion confidential.
- (b) All board minutes shall be open to the public once accepted by the board, except where the board passes a motion to make any specific portion confidential.
- (c) All papers and materials considered by the board shall be open to the public following the meeting at which they are considered, except where the board passes a motion to make any specific paper or material confidential.

11.06 Staff Records

- (a) All staff records shall be available for consultation by the staff member concerned or by their legal representatives.
- (b) No staff records shall be made available to any person outside the corporation except the authorized governmental agencies.
- (c) Within the corporation, staff records shall be made available only to those persons with managerial or personnel responsibilities for that staff member, except that
- (d) Staff records shall be made available to the board when requested.

11.07 Donor Records

- (a) All donor records shall be available for consultation by the members and donors concerned or by their legal representatives.
- (b) No donor records shall be made available to any other person outside the corporation except the authorized governmental agencies.
- (c) Within the corporation, donor records shall be made available only to those persons with managerial or personnel responsibilities for dealing with those donors, except that ;
- (d) donor records shall be made available to the board when requested.

ARTICLE XII CODES OF ETHICS AND WHISTLEBLOWER POLICY

12.01 Purpose

This is Jane Project requires and encourages directors, officers and employees to observe and practice high standards of business and personal ethics in the conduct of their duties and responsibilities. The employees and representatives of the corporation must practice honesty and integrity in fulfilling their responsibilities and comply with all applicable laws and regulations. It is the intent of This is Jane Project to adhere to all laws and regulations that apply to the corporation and the underlying purpose of this policy is to support the corporation's goal of legal compliance. The support of all corporate staff is necessary to achieving compliance with various laws and regulations.

12.02 Reporting Violations

If any director, officer, volunteer, or employee reasonably believes that some policy, practice, or activity of This is Jane Project is in violation of law, a written complaint must be filed by that person with the vice president, the board president, or any executive board member you feel safe to report to.

12.03 Acting in Good Faith

Anyone filing a complaint concerning a violation or suspected violation of the Code must be acting in good faith and have reasonable grounds for believing the information disclosed indicates a violation of the Code. Any allegations that prove not to be substantiated and which prove to have been made maliciously or knowingly to be false shall be viewed as a serious disciplinary offense.

12.04 Retaliation

Said person is protected from retaliation only if she/he/they bring the alleged unlawful activity, policy, or practice to the attention of This is Jane Project and provides This is Jane Project with a

reasonable opportunity to investigate and correct the alleged unlawful activity. The protection described below is only available to individuals that comply with this requirement.

This is Jane Project shall not retaliate against any director, officer, staff or employee who in good faith, has made a protest or raised a complaint against some practice of This is Jane Project or of another individual or entity with whom This is Jane Project has a business relationship, on the basis of a reasonable belief that the practice is in violation of law, or a clear mandate of public policy.

This is Jane Project shall not retaliate against any director, officer, staff or employee who disclose or threaten to disclose to a supervisor or a public body, any activity, policy, or practice of This is Jane Project that the individual reasonably believes is in violation of a law, or a rule, or regulation mandated pursuant to law or is in violation of a clear mandate of public policy concerning the health, safety, welfare, or protection of the environment.

12.05 Confidentiality

Violations or suspected violations may be submitted on a confidential basis by the complainant or may be submitted anonymously. Reports of violations or suspected violations shall be kept confidential to the extent possible, consistent with the need to conduct an adequate investigation.

12.06 Handling of Reported Violations

The board president or vice president shall notify the sender and acknowledge receipt of the reported violation or suspected violation within five business days. All reports shall be promptly investigated by the board and its appointed committee and appropriate corrective action shall be taken if warranted by the investigation.

This policy shall be made available to all directors, officers, volunteers, or employees and they shall have the opportunity to ask questions about the policy.

12.07 Non-Discrimination Policy

This is Jane Project is committed to providing an environment that is free from discrimination in employment and opportunity because of race, color, religion, creed, national origin, ancestry, disability, sexual orientation, or age.

ARTICLE XIII AMENDMENT OF ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OR BYLAWS

13.01 Amendment

Any amendment to the Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws may be adopted by majority of the board of directors.

CERTIFICATE OF ADOPTION OF BYLAWS

I do hereby certify that the above stated Bylaws of This is Jane Project were approved by the This is Jane Project board of directors on <u>December 2nd, 2020</u> and constitute a complete copy of the Bylaws of the corporation.

Mskindness B. Ramirez, President

Date: December 2nd, 2020